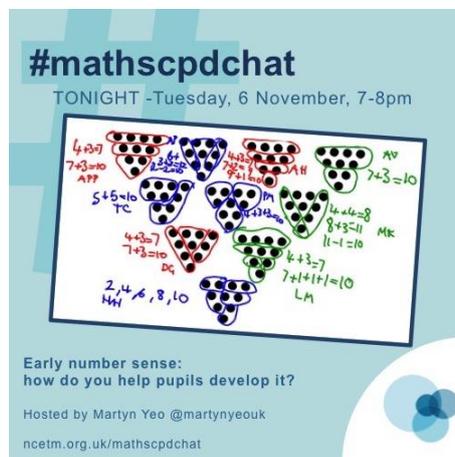


## #mathscpdchat 6 November 2018

Early number sense: how do you help pupils develop it?

Hosted by [@martynyeouk](https://twitter.com/martynyeouk)

*This is a brief summary of the discussion – to see all the tweets, follow the hashtag #mathscpdchat in Twitter*



Some of the areas where discussion focused were:

- research into the development of number sense is concerned with either the **acquisition of number sense by young children** or with the **number sense that people require to function well** in the world;
- hard to define 'number sense'; the **human competences and abilities indicating the existence of number sense** that have been revealed by research;
- pupils' number sense can become impaired when they are introduced to **calculation-algorithms** ... ways of addressing that;
- ability to **count carefully and accurately** in different situations;
- providing opportunities for pupils to **count in different ways, forwards and backwards** ... counting circles ...;

- **counting errors** ... eg counting the moves from one object to another instead of counting the objects;
- **using fingers** to support counting ... 'hands-on-the-table' policy to see which pupils are using fingers ... 'using fingers' as a strategy to move on from ... using fingers to develop an early sense of composition of numbers;
- ability to '**see-at-a-glance**' what the number of things is (to 'subitise');
- using **dot images** and other visual prompts to build up '**conceptual subitising**';
- **different ways of expressing** the same number;
- the imagery of '**Number Blocks**';
- using **Cuisenaire rods** ... focusing on number relationships;
- using **classroom displays** to support the development of number sense ... e.g. 'Christmas countdown' done with different images (representations of numbers);
- **variety of resources** that can be used to help develop number sense ... e.g. pegs-and-pegboards, Numicon, NRICH tasks, 'snakes-and-ladders', games from the Erikson Institute, hopscotch in the playground, 100-square in the playground ...

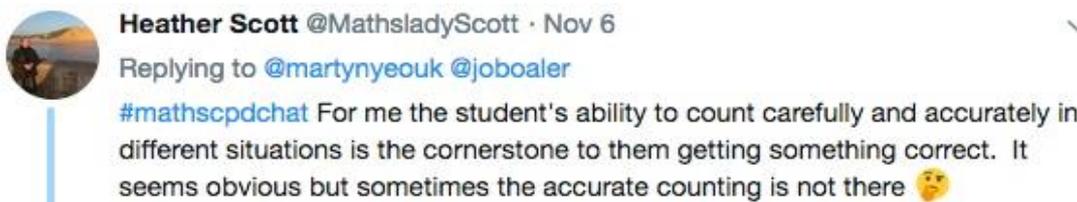
An interesting 'conversation' of tweets, about some ways of trying to develop pupils' number sense (including if/when 'using fingers' is helpful), followed from this tweet by [Martyn Yeo](#):



including this one from [Simon Gregg](#):



this from [Heather Scott](#):

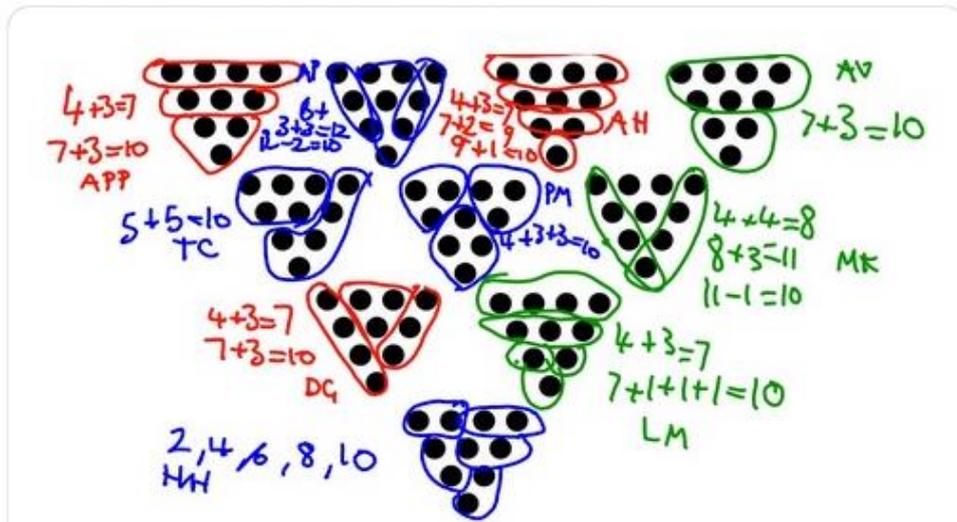


this from [Simon Gregg](#):



**Simon Gregg** @Simon\_Gregg · Nov 6

Dot images and other visual prompts are great for building up 'conceptual subitising' where we use arrangements to build up from smaller arrangements that we visually recognise. #mathscpdchat  
A recent post on this, when you have time:  
[followinglearning.blogspot.com/2018/10/a-hund...](http://followinglearning.blogspot.com/2018/10/a-hund...)



and this one from [Alison Hopper](#):



**Alison Hopper** @AlisonHopper68 · Nov 6

Finger perception is key as well - bunny ears and growing/throwing numbers with your fingers. I sat with a Y7 who didn't 'know' that he had 10 fingers ...

this from [Martyn Yeo](#):



**Martyn** @martynyeouk · Nov 6

Replying to @AlisonHopper68 @PardoeMary and 2 others

Oh wow! Do you think using fingers is a good thing? I heard of a school who banned children from using their fingers!!! #mathscpdchat

this from [Oliver Mills](#):



**Oliver Mills** @OliverRMills · Nov 6

Replying to @martynyeouk @PardoeMary and 3 others

It's a strategy to move on from. For a calculation like  $87 + 8$  I wouldn't want any members of my class (8 and 9 year olds) using fingers. I'd want them to either bridge ( $87+3+5$ ) or adjust ( $87+10-2$ )

this from [Alison Hopper](#):



**Alison Hopper** @AlisonHopper68 · Nov 6

Not using them to calculate and count on but to develop a sense of composition of numbers early on it is key. I had a strict hands-on-the-table policy so that I could address the persistent counters-on-in-1s and work on strategies and fluency #mathscpdchat

this from [Heather Scott](#):



**Heather Scott** @MathsladyScott · Nov 6

lol - I've got a maths degree and I'm still a counters on in 1s - most of my calculation is based on this and I just do it that way with dots very quickly  
[#mathscpdchat](#) - go with what works maybe? 🤔

this from [Alison Hopper](#):



**Alison Hopper** @AlisonHopper68 · Nov 6

Replying to @MathsladyScott

Remember discovering that because  $5 + 7 = 12$  any numbers ending in 5 +7 would have a total ending in 2 after doing A-level! If counting on and back on fingers is the only strategy then it is an issue - watched Y5 unable to solve  $13 - 7$  with only 10 fingers to start? [#mathscpdchat](#)

and this one from [Alison Hopper](#):



**Alison Hopper** @AlisonHopper68 · Nov 6

Replying to @MathsladyScott

She had no understanding of subtraction as anything but 'take away'. She wrote it as a column subtraction, exchanged the ten and found she was still left with  $13 - 7$ . Heart-breaking. Fingers alongside other understanding is great but not enough on its own. [#mathscpdchat](#)

(to read the discussion-sequence generated by any tweet look at the 'replies' to that tweet)

Among the links shared were:

['Subitising': developing a sense of number in Early Years](#) which is an article in the NCETM Primary and Early Years Magazine 104; the article explains what is meant by 'perceptual subitising' and 'conceptual subitising' and gives links to useful information and examples, shared by [Martyn Yeo](#)

[A hundred pattern](#) which is an illustrated blog by Simon Gregg about using dot-images (and other images) to help Y4 students develop, refine and learn from, their subitising abilities, shared by [Simon Gregg](#)

[Counting Circles in Year 4](#) which is an illustrated blog by Simon Gregg; he describes lessons in which a particular teaching strategy is used to support pupils' in counting in order to develop their number sense, shared by [Simon Gregg](#)

[Number Sense and Place Value](#) which is an NRICH resource. It aims to support teachers in developing children's number sense and their understanding of place value. Shared by [Mary Pardoe](#)